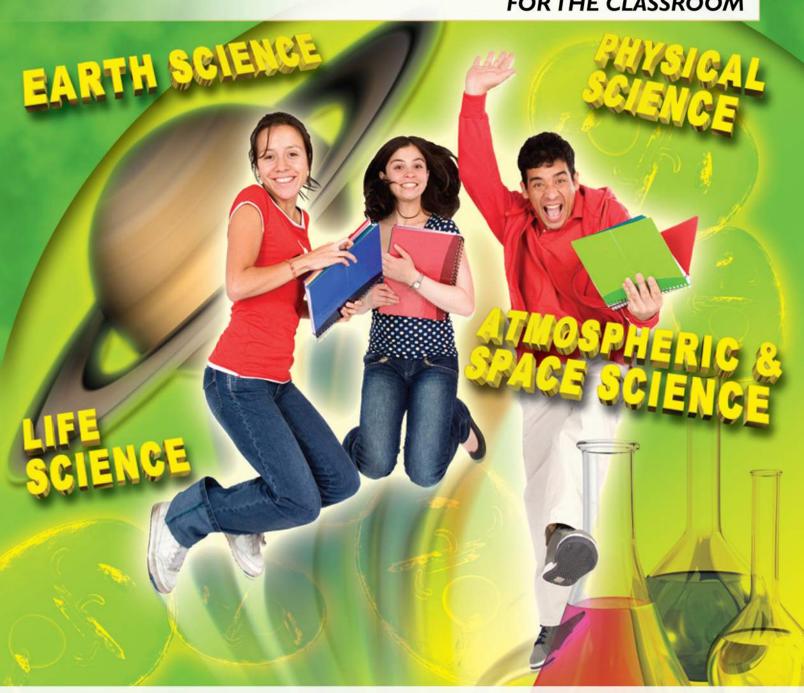


UMPSTARTERS for ocabulary

GRADES

SHORT DAILY WARM-UPS

FOR THE CLASSROOM



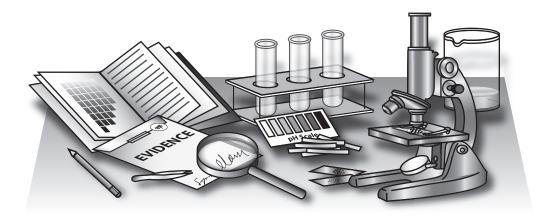
BY LINDA ARMSTRONG MARK TWAIN MEDIA/CARSON-DELLOSA PUBLISHING COMPANY, INC.



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Introduction to the Teacher



It is important for students to review information they have previously learned. *Jumpstarters for Science Vocabulary* helps them do just that, while preparing them for the day's lesson by focusing on the topic of study.

The short warm-ups in this book include matching, fill-in, and other activities to help students build and maintain a powerful science vocabulary. Each page contains five warm-ups (one for each day of the school week).

Suggestions for using *Jumpstarters* warm-up activities include:

- Copy and cut apart one page each week. Give students one warm-up activity each day at the beginning of class.
- Give each student a copy of the entire page to keep in their binders and complete as assigned.
- Make transparencies of individual warm-ups and complete or correct the activities as a group.
- Put copies of warm-ups in a learning center for students to complete on their own.
- Use as homework assignments.
- Use warm-ups as questions for a review game such as a science bee.
- Use warm-ups as a quick activity before dismissal.

Ideas for reviewing and expanding science vocabulary include:

- Play hangman using science words.
- Generate crossword puzzles online for centers, homework, or extra credit.
- Generate word searches with clues online.
- Host frequent class discussions of science topics using correct terminology.
- Encourage students to use accurate scientific vocabulary to state and defend their explanations and observations.
- Encourage students to read about science. Excellent up-to-date materials are available from the library or online.
- Review Greek and Latin word roots.
- Emphasize the importance of precise terminology when writing about topics in mathematics and science.







Name/Date _		

General Science 1

Fill in the missing letters.



- 1. small piece p ___ r ___ c __
- 2. way of working me ___ o ___
- 3. knowledge ___ c ___ c ___ c ___
- 4. grow larger ___ xp ___ __
- 5. get smaller c ___ t __ a ___ t

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Name/Date _____

General Science 2

Name/Date ___

Use the clues to unscramble these words.

- 1. an idea proven to be true: ctaf _____
- 2. a group of organized, related things: emysst _____
- 3. something that makes something else happen: seuca _____
- 4. something that has been made to happen: ctffee _____

Name/Date _____ General Science 3

Draw lines to match the words with their meanings.

- write down or save 1. concept
- 2. observe find similarities
- 3. compare find differences
- 4. contrast idea
- 5. record watch

General Science 4

Fill in the missing letters.

- 1. a final decision, answer, or ending
 - c ___ c __ s __ n
- facts, ideas, or information ____ t ____ t
- 3. gather together c ___ e __ t
- 4. studying the parts of a whole ___ n ___ l ___ s ___ __
- 5. an ordered way of thinking I ____ i ____ i ____

Name/Date _____

General Science 5

Fill in the blank with the correct word from the box.

repeat identify hypothesis

experiment theory

- a logical, testable explanation ______
- an explanation made as a starting place for discussion _____
- a controlled test made to gain knowledge ______
- 4. to define or name something ______
- 5. to do or say again ______









Name/Date General Science 6				
		General Science 7		
 1. 2. 3. 4. 	term: grid: simple: complex:	eaning for each word. word bird rock oil time mesh old basic belief complicated easy fast	1. state 2. force 3. fundamental 4. flow	basic move temporary form part
5.	·	flat combination single	5. unit	energy
 Nam				
Ger	neral Scien	ce 8		
 to research: iesntigatev a skilled way of working: uechteqni to define size, weight, or temperature: sur a state of being, such as sickness or health: something that has mass and occupies space 			sureame :h: itioncodn pace: ansustceb	
– – Nam				
General Science 9		General Scien	ce 10	
	additional or	rd on each line. upplemental, finite, infinite means limited. means without limits. means extra. is something nce with your senses.	2. The v 3. To co 4. If som	r F for false. egory is a kind of panther. vord rapid means very fast. embine means to take apart. nething is toxic, oisonous. enetrate means to measure.





Name/Date _ Name/Date __ General Science 12 Circle the best meaning for each word. General Science 11 1. device: animal cloud instrument 2. occur: expand happen observe Write the word from the box that 3 abundant: rare interesting plentiful matches each clue. 4. origin: chain beginning part 5. transform: expand compare change volume weight mass density speed Name/Date _ General Science 13 1. mass per measured unit of Circle True or False for each statement. an object; compactness 1. When a planet rotates, it turns on its axis. True False 2. A component is a kind of fish. True False 3. To alternate means to go back and forth. True False 4. A *cycle* is something that happens once and stops. 2. rate of motion; fast or slow True False Name/Date _ General Science 14 amount of matter an object contains Draw lines to match each term to its meaning. 1. kilogram a hundredth of a meter basic metric unit of weight 2. gram 3. milligram a thousandth of a meter 4. amount of space an object 4. millimeter a thousandth of a gram occupies centimeter a thousand grams Name/Date _ General Science 15 5. heaviness or lightness of Unscramble each word to match the clue. an object 1. eureteratmp _____ heat or cold 2. siCusel _____metric temperature scale 3. **qdreee** _____ unit of temperature measurement

temperature scale used in the U.S.A.

hreFheanit ___





Name/Date General Science 16 Use each clue to unscramble the word. 1. take in sobarb 2. equality Iceanba 3. power to float uoycyban 4. a particular quality actticarerchsi 5. sort ssayifcl	Pame/Date General Science 17 Draw lines connecting clues to terms. 1. width evaluate 2. most important evidence 3. judge results flow chart 4. data supporting dominant a conclusion 5. diagram showing diameter
Name/Date General Science 18 Fill in the missing letters. 1. assigned duty f ct n 2. reasoning from something known n r e 3. inquire or examine in ti a e 4. meters and kilograms m c measurements 5. description used for discussion and investigation m d I	Steps Name/Date General Science 19 Circle the clue that matches each word. 1. act of moving: dominance movement 2. object: thing phase 3. observing: noticing flowing 4. phase: evidence stage 5. predict: believe foretell
Write the correct term from the box on each line 1. reason for existing	sequence nd testing





Name/Date _		

General Science 21

Write the word from the box that best completes each sentence.

thriving transfer variables volume Venn diagram

1.	He drew a	to show which animals ate both insects and se	eds.
2.	The of the	e tank was 38 cubic meters.	
3.	The meadow was a	community of plants and animals.	No.
4.	Temperature, rainfall, and wind dire	ection were important	
5.	Genes inf	ormation from one generation to the next.	

Name/Date _____

General Science 22

Write the word that best fits each clue. stable, structure, system, technique

- 1. constant, maintaining form
- 2. the way tissues, organs, or rock layers are arranged _____
- 3. way of working _____
- 4. a group of objects or parts acting together _____

Name/Date _

General Science 23

Circle the word that best fits each clue.



1. order: segment sequence variable 2. outcome: cause system result 3. exact: precise estimate volume 4. part: segment system biome 5. identify: assume decay name

Name/Date _____

General Science 24

Circle T for true or F for false.

- Efficiency means the best use of energy. T F
- 2. To assume means to prove. T F
- 3. To extend means to stretch out. T F
- 4. To belong means to be left out. T F
- 5. To conclude means to observe. T F

Name/Date ___

General Science 25

Fill in the missing letters.

- The temperature in the special cooler remained c ____ n ___ a ___ t.
- 2. Hardness is one c ____ r ___ t ___ s ___ ic of minerals.
- When a tree falls, its wood begins to d ____ y.
- 4. The a ____ g ___ rainfall in our town is 40 inches per year.





Name/Date	
General Science 26	
Write the word that best completes each sentence. interference equilibrium imbalance	General Science 30
1. Snowfall and melting reached an,	Fill in the missing letters.
 and the glacier stopped growing. 2. An in squirrel birth and death rates caused overpopulation. 	1. a well-established observation about nature
Name/Date	, — - — - — - —
General Science 27	'
Use the clues to unscramble the words. 1. sensible: bsonaealer	2. a preliminary idea about how something in nature works
2. measure: afyntiqu	s n i ic
 become larger: crseeina reaction: nesrpose 	m <u> </u>
Name/Date General Science 28 Write the best word in each blank.	3. a testable model based on repeatable experimental evidence
valid series test study	s ien ic
In a recent year-long (1), scientists ran	h o y
a (2) of experiments to (3) Professor Kramer's hypothesis. They had to be sure that his explanation was (4)	4. use of observation and experimentation to develop and test ideas
Name/Date	s i n ic
General Science 29	m od
Draw a line to connect the word with its definition. 1. collide does not change 2. absolute depends upon changing conditions	5. information supporting or disproving a scientific idea
 principles run into each other relative fundamental rules or laws 	ific e d n e





Name/Date __

General Science 31

Draw a line from the word to the best clue.

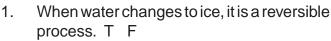
- 1. reliable
- carry
- 2. stationary
- combining

dependable

- 3. variation
- unmoving
- 4. transport 5. synthesis
- difference

General Science 32

Circle T for true or F for false.



- 2. Scientists never evaluate the results of their experiments. T F
- If there is more food today, the quality of 3. the food has increased. T F
- If there is more pollution, the quantity of pollution has increased. T F

Name/Date _____

General Science 33

Write the best term on each line.

random regulate reject cyclic dehydrate

1.	You must the temperature in an incubator.	
2.	Instead of picking particular eggs, we chose some at	
3.	We had to and discard two eggs.	
4.	We used warm air to apricots.	
5.	Rainfall, runoff, and evaporation are part of a	_ process.

Name/Date _____

General Science 34

Use the clue to unscramble each word.

- 1. how often something happens:
 - uenfrcyeq _____
- 2. how things depend on each other: onsitterreinlahip _____
- 3. likely: **babperol** ______
- 4. move away: **drecee** _____ 5. move toward: vacenad _____

Name/Date_____

General Science 35

Draw a line to match each word with the best clue.

- 1. replicate importance
- 2. submerge nonliving
- 3. boundary sink
- 4. inorganic copy
- 5. significance limit





Science Vocabulary Warm-ups: Life Science



Name/Date _____

Life Science 1

Unscramble each word.



1.	ceyoolg	Study of living things in the places they live
2.	mmncotiuy	Group of living things
3.	eerhpoibs	All land, sea, and air containing living things
4.	eeonnnirmtv	Air, sea, or land around a living thing
5.	onaaatpdti	Change that helps a living thing fit its surroundings

Name/Date _____

Life Science 2

Fill in the missing letters.

- 1. Sorting items into groups cl ___ ifi ___ t ___ n
- 2. Things that are not alive.

_____g

- Scientific term for things that are alive
 0 ___ g ___ n ___ s
- 4. Specific types of living things

S ____ C ____ S

Name/Date _____

Life Science 4

Circle T for true or F for false.

- A food web includes producers, consumers, and decomposers. T F
- 2. A producer breaks down dead plants and animals. T F
- A producer changes light energy to food energy. T F
- 4. Consumers eat producers. T F
- 5. A food web is a special spider web. T F

Name/Date _____

Life Science 3

Fill in the blanks with one of these words. herbivores, carnivores, omnivores

- 1. Animals that eat only meat are
- 2. Animals that eat only plants are
- 3. Animals that eat meat and plants are

Name/Date _____

Life Science 5

Draw lines to match words to clues.

- 1. mammal
- 2. reptile
- 3. amphibian
- 4. bird
- 5. mollusk

is an invertebrate

lives part of life on land

and part in water

has fur or hair

has scales

has feathers



Science Vocabulary Warm-ups: Life Science



Name/Date ___

Life Science 6

Circle the best example for each term.

- 1. offspring:
- calf rock soil
- 2. trait:
- cat ocean eye color
- 3. behavior:
- size diving caves
- 4. habitat:
- chasing howling forest
- 5. juvenile:
- desert kitten markings

Name/Date

Life Science 7

Fill in the blank with the letter of the correct word.

A. life cycle, B. maturity,C. inheritance, D. lifespan

- A certain beak, size, and coloring are a bird's _____.
- 2. The tadpole phase is part of a frog's ____.
- 3. The length of an animal's life is its _____.
- 4. A term for an animal's adulthood is _____.

Name/Date ____

Life Science 8

Draw lines to match terms and definitions

- 1. membrane
- control center of a cell
- 2. cytoplasm
- contents of a cell.
- except the nucleus
- 3. cell
- tiny structures with
 - special tasks
- 4. organelles
- a basic unit of life
- 5. nucleus
- a thin wall or layer

Name/Date ____

Life Science 9

Circle T for true or F for false.

- Diversity means that only one type of animal lives an area. T F
- 2. Genes carry the code of heredity. T F
- Some animals survive the winter by hibernating. T F
- Migration is a way for animals to hide from enemies. T F
- 5. A larva is an adult insect. T F

Name/Date ___

Life Science 10

Circle the word that fits each meaning.

- 1. coloration that hides an animal:
- 2. an animal that is hunted:
- 3. the act of imitating or copying:4. disappearing from the earth:
- 5. an animal that hunts:

diversity camouflage prey transpiration camouflage prey

gene

mimicry parasitism

osmosis predator ouflage prey **"** sitism osmosis

extinction transpiration

diversity





Answer Keys



General Science 1 (p. 2)

- 1. particle 2. method
- 3. science 4. expand
- 5. contract

General Science 2 (p. 2)

- 2. system 3. cause 1. fact
- 4. effect

General Science 3 (p. 2)

- 1. concept, idea
- 2. observe, watch
- compare, find similarities 3.
- contrast, find differences 4.
- record, write down or save 5.

General Science 4 (p. 2)

- 1. conclusion 2. data
- 3. collect 4. analysis 5. logic

General Science 5 (p. 2)

- 1. theory
- 2. hypothesis
- 3. experiment 4. identify
- repeat 5.

General Science 6 (p. 3)

- 1. word 2. mesh
- 3. basic 4. complicated
- 5. combination

General Science 7 (p. 3)

- 1. state, temporary form
- 2. force, energy
- 3. fundamental, basic
- 4. flow, move
- 5. unit, part

General Science 8 (p. 3)

- investigate 2. technique
- 3. measure condition
- 5. substance

General Science 9 (p. 3)

- 1. Finite 2. Infinite
- 3. Supplemental
- phenomenon

General Science 10 (p. 3)

1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F

General Science 11 (p. 4)

- 1. density 2. speed
- 3. mass 4. volume
- weight

General Science 12 (p. 4)

- 1. instrument
- 2. happen
- 3. plentiful
- 4. beginning
- change

General Science 13 (p. 4)

- 2. False 3. True 1. True
- 4. False

General Science 14 (p. 4)

- 1. kilogram, a thousand grams
- gram, basic metric unit of weight
- milligram, a thousandth of a gram
- 4. millimeter, a thousandth of a meter
- centimeter, a hundredth of a 5. meter

General Science 15 (p. 4)

- 1. temperature
- degree 3.
- 2. Celsius 4. Fahrenheit

General Science 16 (p. 5)

- absorb 2. balance
- 4. characteristic buoyancy
- classify

General Science 17 (p. 5)

- 1. width, diameter
- 2. most important, dominant
- judge results, evaluate 3.
- 4. data supporting a conclusion, evidence
- 5. diagram showing steps, flow chart

General Science 18 (p. 5)

- 1. function
- 2. inference
- investigate 3.
- 4. metric
- 5. model

General Science 19 (p. 5)

- 1. movement
- 2. thing
- 3. noticing
- 4. stage
- foretell

General Science 20 (p. 5)

- 1. purpose 2. sequence
- 3. property
- scientific explanations 4.
- 5. scientific procedures

General Science 21 (p. 6)

- Venn diagram 2. volume
- 3. thriving
- 4. variables
- transfer

General Science 22 (p. 6)

- 1. stable
- 2. structure
- 3. technique
- 4. system

General Science 23 (p. 6)

- 1. sequence
 - 2. result 4. segment
- 3. precise name

General Science 24 (p. 6)

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F

General Science 25 (p. 6)

- constant 2. characteristic
- 3. decay 4. average

General Science 26 (p. 7)

1. equilibrium 2. imbalance

General Science 27 (p. 7)

- 1. reasonable 2. quantify
- 4. response increase

General Science 28 (p. 7)

2. series 1. study 4. valid 3. test

General Science 29 (p. 7)

- 1. collide, run into each other
- absolute, does not change
- principles, fundamental rules or laws
- 4. relative, depends upon changing conditions

General Science 30 (p. 7)

- 1. scientific law
- 2. scientific model
- 3. scientific theory
- 4. scientific method
- 5. scientific evidence

General Science 31 (p. 8)

- 1. reliable, dependable
- 2. stationary, unmoving
- variation, difference 3.
- 4. transport, carry 5. synthesis, combining

General Science 32 (p. 8)

1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T

General Science 33 (p. 8)

- 1. regulate
- 2. random 3. reject 4. dehydrate
- 5. cyclic

General Science 34 (p. 8)

- 1. frequency
- 2. interrelationship
- 3. probable
- recede 4.
- 5. advance

General Science 35 (p. 8)

- 1. replicate, copy
- 2. submerge, sink
- 3. boundary, limit
- 4. inorganic, nonliving
- 5. significance, importance

Life Science 1 (p. 9)

- ecology 2. community
- 3. biosphere 4. environment
- 5. adaptation

Life Science 2 (p. 9)

- classification 2. nonliving
- 3. organisms 4. species

Life Science 3 (p. 9)

- 1. carnivores 2. herbivores
- 3. omnivores

Life Science 4 (p. 9)

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F

Life Science 5 (p. 9)

- 1. mammal, has fur or hair
- 2. reptile, has scales
- amphibian, lives part of life on land and part in water
- bird, has feathers
- 5. mollusk, is an invertebrate

Life Science 6 (p. 10)

- 1. calf 2. eye color
- 3. diving 4. forest 5. kitten

Life Science 7 (p. 10)

1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B

Life Science 8 (p. 10)

- 1. membrane, a thin wall or layer
- 2. cytoplasm, contents of a cell, except the nucleus
- cell, a basic unit of life
- 4. organelles, tiny structures with special tasks
- 5. nucleus, control center of a cell

Life Science 9 (p. 10)

1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F

Life Science 10 (p. 10)

- 1. camouflage 2. prey
- 3. mimicry 4. extinction
- predator

Life Science 11 (p. 11)

- 1. branch, crown 3. cone
- 4. needle, limb

Life Science 12 (p. 11)

1. D 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. E

Life Science 13 (p. 11)

- 1. photosynthesis 2. leaf
- 3. oxygen 4. chlorophyll
- carbon dioxide

Life Science 14 (p. 11)

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T

Life Science 15 (p. 11) 1. ovary 2. stigma

- 3. pollen 4. petal 5. pistil

Life Science 16 (p. 12)

- 2. utility exchange
- biome 3. 4. physical
- distribution

Life Science 17 (p. 12)

- population, group
- 2. source, origin
- convert, change
- 4. structure, organization
- materials, substances

Life Science 18 (p. 12)

- 1. respiration
- 2. digestion
- 3. excretion
- 4. circulation
- multicellular

Life Science 19 (p. 12)

1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T

Life Science 20 (p. 12)

- 1. protozoa 2. defend 3. pest
- 4. descendant 5. survive

Life Science 21 (p. 13)

1. B 2. C 3. A 4. D

Life Science 22 (p. 13)

- 1. plasma sponge
- 3. spore
 - 4. crustacean
- 5. virus

Life Science 23 (p. 13)

- beetle, kind of insect
- protoplasm, living matter
- mutualism, two species benefiting one another
- live birth, not hatched from an 4. egg
- 5. parasite, a species living at the expense of another

Life Science 24 (p. 13)

- 1. gills, respiratory organ of a fish
- mates, goose and gander
- 3. internal, inside
- external, outside 4.
- 5. response, reaction

Life Science 25 (p. 13)

- 1. warm-blooded 2. arthropods
- blue-green algae
- competition 5. exoskeleton

Human Body 1 (p. 14)

- 1. calf 2. forearm
- 4. thigh 3. instep
- abdomen

Human Body 2 (p. 14)

- 1. cycle organ
- 3. tissue 4. organ system

Human Body 3 (p. 14)

- 1. central nervous system
- 2. brain nerves
- 4. spinal cord 5. stimulus

Human Body 4 (p. 14)

1. C 2. B 3. A 4. E 5. D

Human Body 5 (p. 14)

- 1. vein 2. artery
- 4. artery, vein 3. capillary
- pulmonary artery

Human Body 6 (p. 15)

- digestive 2. stomach 1.
- 3. intestines 4. esophagus
- 5. liver

Human Body 7 (p. 15)

- 1. coagulation 2. red
- 3. white 4. platelets
- 5. plasma

Human Body 8 (p. 15)

1. B 2. D/A 3. A/D 4. C

Human Body 9 (p. 15)

- 1. legs 2. hips 3. knee
- chest 5. chest

Human Body 10 (p. 15)

1. D 2. B 3. E 4. C 5. A

Human Body 11 (p. 16)

- 1. nutrients
- 2. pyramid
- 3. minerals 4. calorie
- Vitamin 5.